

## ERRATA

### A COMPETENCY-BASED ORIENTATION PROGRAM FOR THE REGISTERED NURSE IN THE PERIANESTHESIA SETTING 2019 EDITION

#### Chapter 8C: Preanesthesia History and Assessment

Page 119      Question 11; Corrected answer is in yellow highlight

11. Which of the following is allowed 6 hours prior to surgery?
- a. light meal
  - b. nonhuman milk
  - c. fried food
  - d. clear liquid
  - e. a, b and c only**
  - e. a, b and d only**

#### Chapter 14B: Muscle Relaxants

Page 262      Question 5; Corrected answer is in yellow highlight

5. Reversal agents for depolarizing muscle relaxants include:
- a. glycopyrrolate
  - b. neostigmine
  - c. pyridostigmine
  - d. none of the above**
  - e. all the above**

(continued →)

## **Ch 14C: Regional Anesthesia**

Page 288      Question 3; Corrected answer is in yellow highlight

3. The incidence of postdural puncture headache is more common when:
- a. the patient moves during the procedure
  - b. a sterile field isn't maintained
  - c. dextrose is used**
  - d. a larger size needle is used**

Page 288      Question 5; Corrected answer is in yellow highlight

5. Vasoconstrictors such as epinephrine may be added to a local anesthetic to:
- a. decrease the intensity of the blockade
  - b. prolong the duration of the block**
  - c. increase the rate of absorption of the local anesthetic
  - d. increase systemic absorption**

## **Chapter 18: Nausea and Vomiting**

Page 396      Question 3; Corrected answer is in yellow highlight

3. Which of the following affect the chemoreceptor trigger zone-vomiting center of the brain?
- a. anesthetic agents, opioids, neuromuscular blockade**
  - b. anesthetic agents, opioids, pain, motion
  - c. premature intake of oral fluids
  - d. all the above**